

Discussion of

Kick, Onali, Ruprecht, Schaeck:

**Wealth shocks, credit-supply shocks, and
asset allocation:
Evidence from household and firm portfolios**

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Jirka Slacalek

European Central Bank

www.slacalek.com

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Summary of Kick et al.

The Question

How do wealth shocks and credit shocks affect diversification of portfolios of households and non-financial firms?

Dataset

- ▶ Unique bank-level data on security holdings from all DE banks
- ▶ Info on asset class (bonds, stocks, ...), type of issuer (govt, NFC, ...), country of origin

Method

Analysis of Herfindahl indexes using

- ▶ Diff-in-diff regressions
- ▶ IV regressions
- ▶ Lots of sensitivity checks

Summary of Kick et al.

Findings

- ▶ **Wealth shocks**
 - ▶ Households exposed to distressed countries increase diversification
 - ▶ Firms don't
- ▶ **Credit supply shocks**
 - ▶ Both firms and households increase diversification
- ▶ Effects stat significant but modest

Methods—Wealth Shocks

- ▶ Herfindahl–Hirschman Index (HHI)

$$HHI = \sum_{j=1}^N s_j^2$$

s_j ... share of value invested in asset type j ; $HHI \in [1/N, 1]$

- ▶ Diff in diff estimation:

$$HHI_{it} = \beta_0 + Crisis_t \beta_1 + (Crisis \times Treatment_i) \beta_2 + X_{it} \beta_3 + u_i + \gamma_t + \varepsilon_{it}$$

- ▶ HHI_{it} ... Herfindahl for bank i and period t
Herfindahls by asset class, issuer and for households/firms
- ▶ $Treatment_i$... 0–1 dummy for bank with large share of securities from distressed countries in 2009
- ▶ β_2 ... key parameter of interest

Methods—Credit Supply Shocks

- ▶ IV regression

$$Loans\ Drop_{it} = Z_{it}\gamma_2 + \nu_{it},$$

$$HHI_{it} = \alpha_0 + Loans\ Drop_{it}\alpha_1 + X_{it}\alpha_2 + u_i + \gamma_t + \varepsilon_{it}$$

- ▶ *Loans Drop_{it}* ... dummy for decline in customer loan
- ▶ *Z_{it}* ... instruments: **capital injections** dummy, concentration of loans (HHI), hidden liabilities dummy, liquidity ratio
- ▶ Novel combination of data on portfolios and capital injections

Comments—Data Limitations

- ▶ Nice, unique bank-level dataset/combination of data
- ▶ BUT Ideally would like to have **household-/firm-level** data
- ▶ Households may hold portfolio with different banks and shift between them
- ▶ Not clear if analysis of HHs at bank level can capture that
- ▶ Representativeness of dataset/coverage of financial assets
- ▶ Only annual frequency

Comments—Limitations of HHIs

- ▶ Increase in aggregate amount of saving (during recession)?
- ▶ Inflow of savings from abroad?
- ▶ Aggregate savings moving from distressed banks?
- ▶ NOT captured in HHIs (based on asset **shares**, not values)
- ▶ “Hhs tend to hold more diversified portfolios than firms”?
- ▶ Puzzling b/c, e.g., low participation of Hhs in stock market
- ▶ How do HHIs reflect possible changing correlation b/w assets or perceptions of riskiness?
- ▶ Are HHIs a good measure of portfolio **diversification**?

Comments—Terminology

- ▶ Terminology: Not clear why 'wealth' shocks? All sorts of risks might have changed
- ▶ 'Wealth' changes likely modest? in DE
- ▶ Dummy variables for 'crisis' (years 2009–2012) may be crude given high frequency nature of events

Summary

- ▶ Interesting unique dataset explored in a nice way
- ▶ BUT subject to data limitations
- ▶ Can think of other specifications
- ▶ Can interpret estimates differently (than 'wealth' shocks)